

Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

LESSON
7-5 **Practice C**
Polynomials

Find the degree and number of terms of each polynomial.

1. $5t^5 + 60 + 3t^3$

2. $9p + 31p^9 + 6p^2 - 42$

3. $-50 + 4r - r^3 + r^2 - 4r^5$

Simplify and write each polynomial in standard form. Then, give the leading coefficient.

4. $4g^3 + 8g - 4g^3 + 2g^2$

5. $13 - 5h^3 + h^2 - h$

6. $2(3x + 4) - 4x + 8x^2$

Classify each polynomial according to its degree and number of terms.

7. $6t^3 + 54t^4 - 1$

8. $14 \cdot 3w^2 + w$

9. $4(4s^2 - s) - 11 + s^7$

Evaluate each polynomial for the given value.

10. $4m - 4 - 4m^3$ for $m = -2$

11. $12y^7 - 6y^2 + 8y^3 - y$ for $y = -1$

12. $-3a + a^3 - \frac{1}{3}a^2$ for $a = 3$

13. A certain company's profit in dollars can be modeled with the polynomial $-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 100x - 200$ where x is the number of items produced and sold.

a. What is the profit if they produce and sell 10 of their products?

b. What is the profit if they produce and sell 100 of their products?

c. Evaluate the company's profit polynomial for $x = 0$. What does this number represent?
