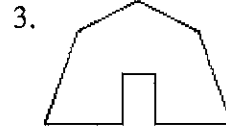
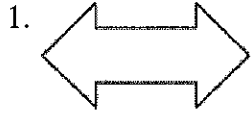
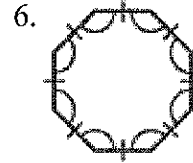
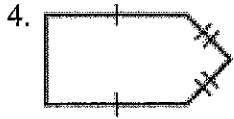


## Pre-AP Chapter 6 Review

Classify the polygon by the number of sides. State whether the polygon is *convex* or *concave*.

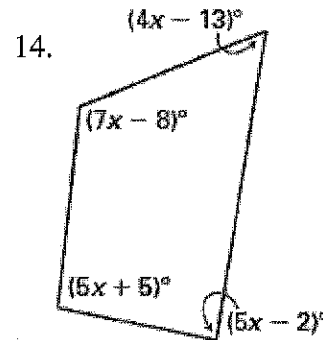
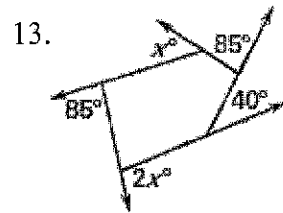
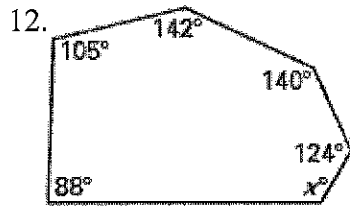


State whether the polygon is *equiangular*, *equilateral*, *regular*, or *none of these*.



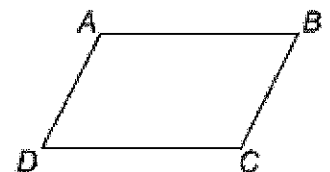
7. Find the sum of the interior angles of a convex heptagon.
8. The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex polygon is  $1080^\circ$ . Classify the polygon by the number of sides.
9. Find the measure of an interior angle of a regular pentagon.
10. Find the sum of the exterior angles of a convex nonagon.
11. Find the measure of an exterior angle of a regular dodecagon.

Find the value of  $x$ .



$ABCD$  is a parallelogram.

15. If  $m\angle C = 114^\circ$ , then  $m\angle D = ?$
16. If  $m\angle A = (3x + 24)^\circ$  and  $m\angle C = (5x - 40)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$
17. If  $AD = 4x + 3$  and  $BC = 7x - 15$ , then  $BC = ?$

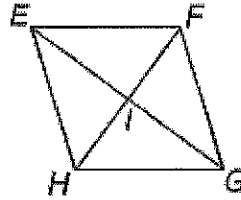


1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_
11. \_\_\_\_\_
12. \_\_\_\_\_
13. \_\_\_\_\_
14. \_\_\_\_\_
15. \_\_\_\_\_
16. \_\_\_\_\_
17. \_\_\_\_\_

### Pre-AP Chapter 6 Review

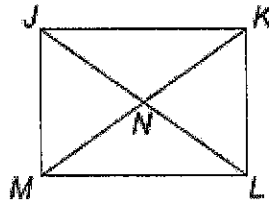
The diagonals of rhombus  $EFGH$  intersect at  $I$ .

- 18. If  $m\angle EHG = 108^\circ$ , then  $m\angle FHG = ?$
- 19. If  $FG = x + 11$  and  $GH = 3x + 15$ , then  $x = ?$
- 20. If  $EG = 6x - 8$  and  $IG = 2x + 4$ , then  $EI = ?$



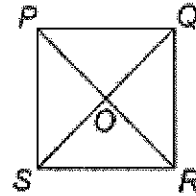
The diagonals of rectangle  $JKLM$  intersect at  $N$ .

- 21. If  $m\angle KLJ = 51^\circ$ , then  $m\angle JLM = ?$
- 22. If  $MN = 23$ , then  $JL = ?$
- 23. If  $JK = 20$  and  $KM = 25$ , then  $JM = ?$



The diagonals of square  $PQRS$  intersect at  $O$ .

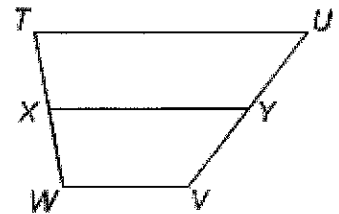
- 24. If  $m\angle POQ = (27x + 9)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$
- 25. If  $OQ = 5x - 16$  and  $OS = 2x + 56$ , then  $x = ?$
- 26. If  $PR = 14$ , then  $QR = ?$



18. _____
19. _____
20. _____
21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____
26. _____
27. _____
28. _____
29. _____
30. _____
31. _____
32. _____

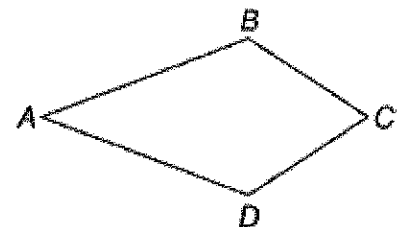
$\overline{XY}$  is the midsegment of trapezoid  $TUVW$ .

- 27. If  $m\angle U = (x - 5)^\circ$  and  $m\angle V = (2x + 14)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$
- 28. If  $TU = 66$  and  $WV = 30$ , then  $XY = ?$
- 29. If  $XY = 59$  and  $WV = 37$ , then  $TU = ?$



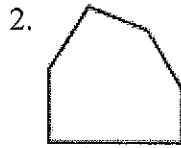
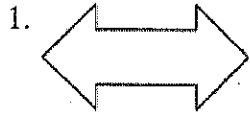
$ABCD$  is a kite.

- 30. If  $m\angle A = 41^\circ$  and  $m\angle C = 67^\circ$ , then  $m\angle B = ?$
- 31. If  $m\angle C = 73^\circ$  and  $m\angle D = 132^\circ$ , then  $m\angle A = ?$
- 32. If  $AB = 3x - 13$ ,  $BC = 2x - 9$ , and  $CD = x + 10$ , then  $x = ?$

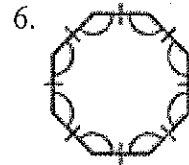
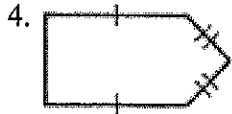


### Pre-AP Chapter 6 Review

Classify the polygon by the number of sides. State whether the polygon is *convex* or *concave*.



State whether the polygon is *equiangular*, *equilateral*, *regular*, or *none of these*.



7. Find the sum of the interior angles of a convex heptagon.

$$(7-2)180 =$$

8. The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a convex polygon is  $1080^\circ$ .

Classify the polygon by the number of sides.

$$(n-2)(180) = 1080 \quad n = 8$$

9. Find the measure of an interior angle of a regular pentagon.

$$(5-2)180 / 5$$

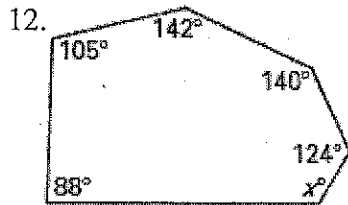
10. Find the sum of the exterior angles of a convex nonagon.

$$360^\circ$$

11. Find the measure of an exterior angle of a regular dodecagon.

$$360 = 12n$$

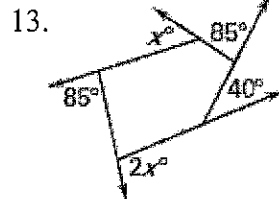
Find the value of  $x$ .



$$(6-2)(180) = 720$$

$$599 + x = 720$$

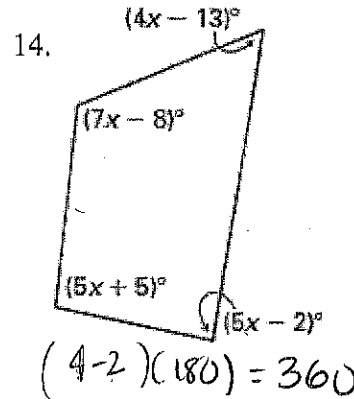
$$x = 121$$



$$3x + 210 = 360$$

$$3x = 150$$

$$x = 50$$



$$(4-2)(180) = 360$$

$$21x - 18 = 360$$

$$21x = 378$$

$$x = 18$$

$ABCD$  is a parallelogram.

15. If  $m\angle C = 114^\circ$ , then  $m\angle D = ?$

$$180 - 114$$

16. If  $m\angle A = (3x+24)^\circ$  and  $m\angle C = (5x-40)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$

$$3x + 24 = 5x - 40$$

$$64 = 2x$$

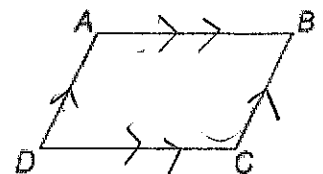
17. If  $AD = 4x+3$  and  $BC = 7x-15$ , then  $BC = ?$

$$4x + 3 = 7x - 15 \quad x = 6$$

$$18 = 3x$$

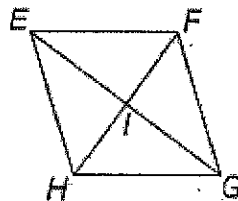
$$BC = 7(6) - 15 = 42 - 15$$

- |     |                      |
|-----|----------------------|
| 1.  | <u>decagon</u>       |
|     | <u>concave</u>       |
| 2.  | <u>hexagon</u>       |
|     | <u>convex</u>        |
| 3.  | <u>nonagon</u>       |
|     | <u>concave</u>       |
| 4.  | <u>none of these</u> |
| 5.  | <u>equiangular</u>   |
| 6.  | <u>regular</u>       |
| 7.  | <u>900°</u>          |
| 8.  | <u>octagon</u>       |
| 9.  | <u>108°</u>          |
| 10. | <u>360°</u>          |
| 11. | <u>30°</u>           |
| 12. | <u>121</u>           |
| 13. | <u>50</u>            |
| 14. | <u>18</u>            |
| 15. | <u>66°</u>           |
| 16. | <u>32</u>            |
| 17. | <u>27</u>            |



### Pre-AP Chapter 6 Review

The diagonals of rhombus  $EFGH$  intersect at  $I$ .



18. If  $m\angle EHG = 108^\circ$ , then  $m\angle FHG = ?$

19. If  $FG = x + 11$  and  $GH = 3x + 15$ , then  $x = ?$

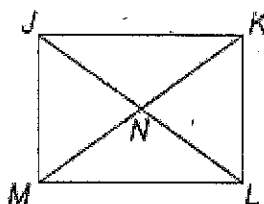
$$\begin{aligned} x + 11 &= 3x + 15 \\ -4 &= 2x \\ x &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

20. If  $EG = 6x - 8$  and  $IG = 2x + 4$ , then  $EI = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(2x + 4) &= 6x - 8 & 16 &= 2x \\ 4x + 8 &= 6x - 8 & x &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$EI = IG = 2(8) + 4$

The diagonals of rectangle  $JKLM$  intersect at  $N$ .



21. If  $m\angle KLJ = 51^\circ$ , then  $m\angle JLM = ?$

$$90 - 51$$

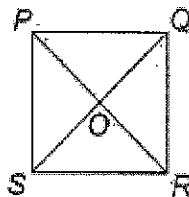
22. If  $MN = 23$ , then  $JL = ?$

$$2(23)$$

23. If  $JK = 20$  and  $KM = 25$ , then  $JM = ?$

$$20^2 + JM^2 = 25^2$$

The diagonals of square  $PQRS$  intersect at  $O$ .



24. If  $m\angle POQ = (27x + 9)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} 27x + 9 &= 90 \\ 27x &= 81 \end{aligned}$$

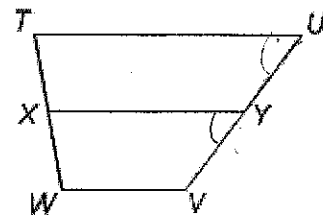
25. If  $OQ = 5x - 16$  and  $OS = 2x + 56$ , then  $x = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x - 16 &= 2x + 56 \\ 3x &= 72 \end{aligned}$$

26. If  $PR = 14$ , then  $QR = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + x^2 &= 14^2 & x &= 98 \\ 2x^2 &= 196 & x &= \sqrt{98} \end{aligned}$$

$XY$  is the midsegment of trapezoid  $TUVW$ .



27. If  $m\angle U = (x - 5)^\circ$  and  $m\angle V = (2x + 14)^\circ$ , then  $x = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} x - 5 + 2x + 14 &= 180 \\ 3x &= 171 \end{aligned}$$

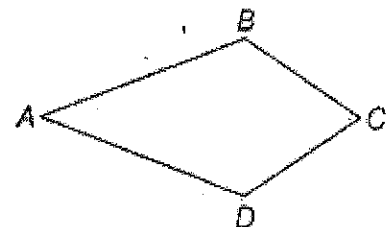
28. If  $TU = 66$  and  $WV = 30$ , then  $XY = ?$

$$XY = \frac{66 + 30}{2}$$

29. If  $XY = 59$  and  $WV = 37$ , then  $TU = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{37 + TU}{2} &= 59 & 37 + TU &= 118 \\ & & TU &= 81 \end{aligned}$$

$ABCD$  is a kite.



30. If  $m\angle A = 41^\circ$  and  $m\angle C = 67^\circ$ , then  $m\angle B = ?$

$$360 - (41 + 67) = 252$$

31. If  $m\angle C = 73^\circ$  and  $m\angle D = 132^\circ$ , then  $m\angle A = ?$

$$360 - 73 - 2(132) =$$

32. If  $AB = 3x - 13$ ,  $BC = 2x - 9$ , and  $CD = x + 10$ , then  $x = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 9 &= x + 10 \\ x &= 19 \end{aligned}$$

18.	<u>54°</u>
19.	<u>-2</u>
20.	<u>20</u>
21.	<u>39</u>
22.	<u>46</u>
23.	<u>JM = 15</u>
24.	<u>54</u>
25.	<u>24</u>
26.	<u>7√2</u>
27.	<u>57</u>
28.	<u>48</u>
29.	<u>81</u>
30.	<u>126</u>
31.	<u>23</u>
32.	<u>19</u>