

**7-2 Inverses of Relations and Functions**

Lesson Objective

Graph and recognize inverses of relations and functions.  
Find inverses of functions.

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The additive inverse of 3 is  $-3$ .

The multiplicative inverse of 5 is  $\frac{1}{5}$ .

You can also find and apply inverses to relations and functions. To graph the **inverse relation**, you can reflect each point across the line  $y = x$ . This is equivalent to switching the  $x$ - and  $y$ -values in each ordered pair of the relation.

**Remember!**

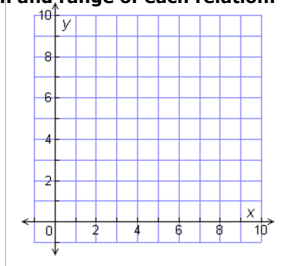
A *relation* is a set of ordered pairs. A *function* is a relation in which each  $x$ -value has, at most, one  $y$ -value paired with it.

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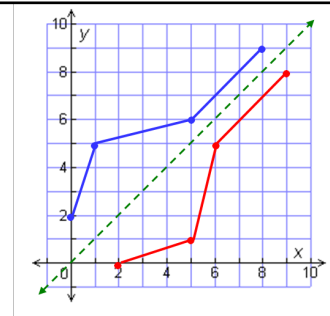
Graph the relation and connect the points. Then graph the inverse. Identify the domain and range of each relation.

x	0	1	5	8
y	2	5	6	9

x				
y				



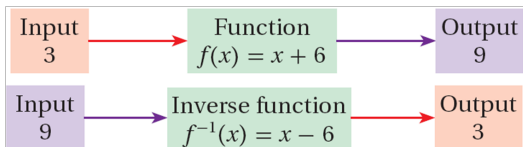
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When the relation is also a function, you can write the inverse of the function  $f(x)$  as  $f^{-1}(x)$ . This notation does **not** indicate a reciprocal.

Functions that undo each other are **inverse functions**.



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Use inverse operations to write the inverse of  $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{2}$  if possible.

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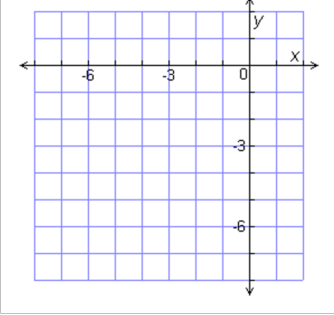
Use inverse operations to write the inverse of  $f(x) = 3(x - 7)$ . **WE DO**

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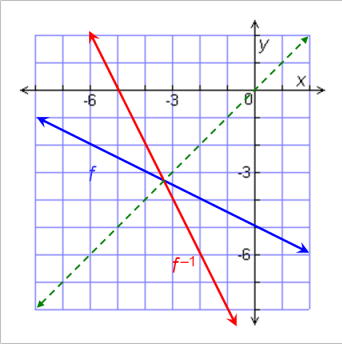
Use inverse operations to write the inverse of  $f(x) = 5x - 7$ . **You Do**

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Graph  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x - 5$ . Then write the inverse and graph

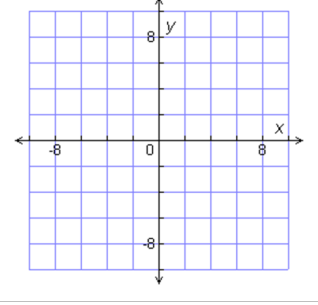


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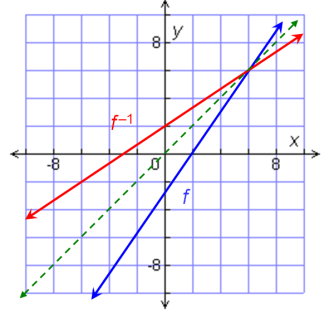


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Graph  $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$ . Then write the inverse and graph

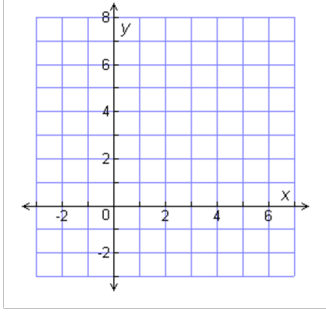


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Determine the inverse of:  $f(x) = 3x - 4$ .



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